Chairman Blanchard called to order the Authority meeting scheduled on October 9<sup>th</sup>, 2023, at 9:00 a.m. and welcomed everyone present. The meeting was held at the Authority's office located at 1107 New Pointe Boulevard, Suite 17, Leland, North Carolina. Director Leonard gave the invocation.

#### Roll Call by Chairman Blanchard:

Present: Norwood Blanchard, Patrick DeVane, Wayne Edge, Harry Knight, Al Leonard, Jackie Newton, Scott Phillips, Charlie Rivenbark, Chris Smith, Bill Sue, Phil Tripp, Frank Williams, and Rob Zapple

#### Present by Virtual Attendance: Frank Williams

Absent: Bill Saffo

**Staff:** Tim H. Holloman, Executive Director; Matthew Nichols, General Counsel; Tony Boahn P.E., McKim & Creed Sam Boswell, COG; Jess Powell P.E., McKim & Creed; and Danielle Hertzog, Financial Administration Assistant

**Guests Present:** John Nichols, Brunswick County Public Utilities Director; James Proctor, Pender County Utilities Deputy Director of Utilities; Ken Waldroup, Cape Fear Public Utility Authority Executive Director; Kristen Burden, Brunswick County Public Utilities Environmental Compliance Officer; Glenn Walker, Brunswick County Water Resources Manager; and Anthony Colon, Pender County Utilities Director of Utilities

**Guests Virtual Attendance:** Tom Hendrick, Pender County Utilities Water Treatment Plant Superintendent; and Benjamin Kearns, Cape Fear Public Utility Authority Water Recourses Manager Water Treatment

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE: Chairman Blanchard led the Pledge of Allegiance.

#### **APPROVAL OF CONSENT AGENDA**

<u>C1 – Minutes of September 9, 2023, Regular Board Meeting</u>

<u>C2 – Minutes of September 9, 2023, Personnel Committee Meeting</u>

C3 - Kings Bluff Monthly Operations and Maintenance Report

C4 - Bladen Bluffs Monthly Operations and Maintenance Reports

**Motion**: Director DeVane **MOVED**; seconded by Director Phillips approval of the Consent Agenda Items C1-C4 as presented. Upon voting, the **MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY**.

**Motion**: Director Zapple **MOVED**; seconded by Director Rivenbark approval of excusing Director Saffo from the October 9<sup>th</sup>, 2023, Board Meeting. Upon voting, the **MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY**.

#### **NEW BUSINESS**

NB1 – Resolution Accepting the Lower Cape Fear Water and Sewer Authority Kings Bluff Regional Raw Water Supply Facilities FY 2023-2024 Annual Inspections Report (Tony Boahn, P.E., McKim and Creed) As required by the Authority's authorizing bond order and water supply agreements with its customers, McKim & Creed conducted the annual inspection of the King Bluff Raw Water Pump Station (KBRWPB) and submitted the Lower Cape Fear Water & Sewer Authority Kings Bluff Regional Raw Water Supply Facilities FY 2023-2024 Annual Inspection Report. Mr. Powell provided a PowerPoint presentation of the King's Bluff annual report with an overview of the system, including intake and pier, pump station, electrical building, generator facilities, the three-million-gallon ground tank, the booster pump station, raw water main right of way, the 48-inch raw water main, and the 54-inch parallel raw water main. Mr. Powell commended Brunswick County for doing a magnificent job maintaining Kings Bluff due to only finding minor concerns during the inspections. Mr. Powell advised there is a leak on the check valve on pump number one. Director Newton questioned when the leak is going to be addressed, how long is it going to take and how extensive is the estimate for the repair. Glenn Walker advised it is a leaky seal on the damper. Mr. Walker advised we have a spare one that is located at Underwood Pump Company, that is the old part from pump number five. There is no threat to this check valve going bad currently, this leak is just a nuisance leak. The cost for the repair will be between \$25,000-30,000. A copy of the report is hereby incorporated as part of these minutes.

**Motion**: Director Edge **MOVED**; seconded by Director Newton, approval of the *Resolution Accepting the* Lower Cape Fear Water & Sewer Authority Kings Bluff Regional Raw Water Supply Facilities FY 2023-2024 <u>Annual</u> Inspection Report as presented. Upon voting, the **MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY**.

#### <u>NB2 – Resolution Accepting the Lower Cape Fear Water and Sewer Authority Bladen Bluffs Regional</u> Raw Water Supply Facilities FY 2023-2024 Annual Inspections Report (Tony Boahn, P.E., McKim and Creed)

The Authority's Special Facility Revenue Bond Series 2010 requires an annual inspection of the Bladen Bluffs Regional Surface Water Treatment facilities by a qualified engineer to report on readiness, identify deficiencies, and make recommendations on needed repairs and capital improvements. McKim & Creed conducted the inspection and submitted the report dated October 2023. Mr. Powell presented a PowerPoint presentation of the inspection's results and findings, including the intake and raw water pump station, treatment processes, residual basins, chemical systems, and administrative facilities. Mr. Powell concluded that the items identified in the report are minor maintenance items, and the facility is well maintained. There is no cause for concern from an operational standpoint. Director Zapple wanted to know if there is any testing being conducted on the sludge to confirm no PFAS. Executive Director Holloman advised he will check with Buddy to see if they are testing the sludge and if yes what are the results. Director Phillips questioned if it is applied under a state permit and if are we doing the required testing for said permit. Executive Director Holloman advised yes to both questions. Director Zapple wanted to know what the new filter for the GAC system. Jess Powell advised he will get the Bladen Bluffs staff and confirm the reason for changing the filter. Director Zapple questioned what is being recycled at the pump. Glenn Walker advised that is to recycle 10% of backwash, however as small as Bladen Bluffs it would not be economically significant. It would take twenty-five years to get payback. A copy of the report is hereby incorporated as part of these minutes.

**Motion:** Director Sue **MOVED**; seconded by Director Leonard, approval of the Resolution Accepting the Lower Cape Fear Water & Sewer Authority Bladen Bluffs Regional Surface Water Treatment Facilities Fiscal Year 2023-2024 Annual Inspection Report as presented. Upon voting, the **MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY**.

#### **ENGINEER'S COMMENTS**

Jess Powell updated the board on the Kings Bluff Raw Water Main Phase 2. The draft PER was submitted on September 22, 2023. The current estimated pricing is thirty-six million. Mr. Powell has been working with the Coastal Land Trust Board and their attorneys on the easement maps and appraisal for the new route. Director Rivenbark wanted to know the estimated savings for the new route. Mr. Powell advised around three million dollars. Executive Director Holloman advised that savings will be going to increase the pipe from 48 inches to 54 inches, therefore it will be a net savings of one million. Mr. Powell advised the Kings Bluff roof replacement project had a structural engineer complete a field visit to compare and verify the as built. Some discrepancies were captured, an advertisement for Bids will happen in November. Jess advised the air backwash walkway has completed the geotechnical field work and preliminary engineering report draft will be in November.

#### **ATTORNEY COMMENTS**

No comments

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR REPORT**

#### <u>EDR1 – Comments on Customers' Water Usage and Raw Water Revenue for Fiscal Year to Date Ending</u> August 31, 2023

Executive Director Holloman reported that during September 2023, Brunswick County and Pender County were above projections.

#### DIRECTOR'S COMMENTS AND/OR FUTURE AGENDA ITEMS No comments

#### **PUBLIC COMMENT**

No comments

#### ADJOURNMENT

There being no further business, Chairman Blanchard adjourned the meeting at 9:35a.m.

**Respectfully Submitted:** 

WE

Patrick DeVane Secretary

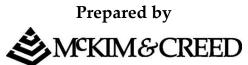
# Lower Cape Fear Water & Sewer Authority Kings Bluff Regional Raw Water Supply Facilities FY 2023-2024 Annual Inspection Report





Kings Bluff Raw Water Pump Station

Interim Raw Water Booster Pump Station



243 North Front Street Wilmington North Carolina F-1222

## Prepared for





October 2023

# LOWER CAPE FEAR WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY KINGS BLUFF REGIONAL RAW WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM ANNUAL INSPECTION REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS

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Figure 1 – Lower Cape Fear System Schematic

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- Appendix C Summary Air Relief Valve Annual Inspection
- Appendix D Summary 12" Blow-Off Valves Annual Inspection
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- Appendix F Photographs

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# **SECTION 1 - INTRODUCTION**

#### 1.1 FACILITIES

The Lower Cape Fear Water and Sewer Authority is a regional organization with sponsoring members that are comprised of Bladen, Brunswick, Columbus, New Hanover, and Pender Counties, and the City of Wilmington. The Authority was created to aid development of a water supply system for the sponsoring member governments, which are primarily located in southeastern North Carolina (Refer to Figure 1 for a map of the Authority's current service area). The Authority's current facilities at King's Bluff consist of the following:

- Two (2) Raw Water Intake Pipes and Associated Intake Screens
- Kings Bluff Raw Water Pumping Station
- Interim Booster Pumping Station
- Raw Water Transmission Main Piping
- Raw Water Storage Reservoir
- Miscellaneous items such as, SCADA, Metering Vaults, Air Release Valves, etc.
- Pump Station Standby Power (Kings Bluff Raw Water Pumping Station) consisting of Two Separately Housed Primary Diesel-Powered Generators with Automatic Transfer Switchgear.
- Two (2) oxidation catalysts installed on each primary standby generator.
- One Low-Duty Diesel Powered Generator
- Transmission Main Pigging Facilities
- Air Surge Tank System

The Authority obtains raw water from the Cape Fear River via two (2) raw water intake pipes (48-inch and 60-inch diameter) located just above Lock & Dam No. 1 in Bladen County. Raw water is conveyed by various raw water transmission mains to several governmental and industrial users in the region. The Authority's current customers are as follows:

- Brunswick County (governmental entity)
- Cape Fear Public Utility Authority (CFPUA governmental entity)
- Pender County (governmental entity)
- Invista (private industry)
- Praxair Incorporated (private industry)

Phase I of the Authority's facilities, completed in 1984, consists of a 45 million gallon per day (MGD) raw water pumping station and intake structure, approximately 14 miles of 48-inch

transmission main, and a 3 million-gallon (MG) storage reservoir. Phase 2 extended the system approximately 10 miles to serve the industries of Invista and Praxair along US 421 and the City of Wilmington. This phase consisted of 60-inch and 48-inch transmission lines that were placed into service in April 1992. The Phase 1 and Phase 2 facilities are shown in Figure 1.

In December 2003, the two 3.0 Megawatt (MW) standby generators were placed into full-time operational status at the Kings Bluff Pumping Station. The generators are housed in a separate building co-located with the pumping facilities at the Kings Bluff site. Major components of the standby power facilities include (2) reconditioned generators, automatic electrical switchgear, and (2) 12,000-gallon capacity fuel tanks. In 2007 the Authority completed a major rebuild of both 3.0 MW standby generators.

In 2005 it was recommended that the Authority conduct pigging of the 48-inch raw water transmission main to clean the pipe of the sedimentation and sand accumulation that was reducing the output due to increased friction in the pipeline. This project included the installation of pig launch and retrieval facilities and the completion of four (4) 'pig' runs to scour the pipe interior. The pig launch facility is located near the Kings Bluff Pumping Station, while the pig retrieval facility is located at the storage reservoir site.

In 2009 a comprehensive expansion and upgrade to the Kings Bluff Pumping Station was completed that included the following major components:

- Three (3) new 1,600 HP vertical turbine raw water pumps
- Additional wet well expansion to accommodate a total of five (5) raw water pumps
- New electrical building housing three (3) variable frequency drives
- New operations office with restrooms, shower facilities, and overnight accommodations
- SCADA and telemetry upgrades
- Valving and raw water main piping modifications for future parallel raw water main connection
- Retention of two (2) existing 1,000 HP vertical turbine raw water pumps (note that both 1,000 HP pumps have recently been permanently removed from the facility)
- Additional air surge tank

In 2010, a new 60-inch diameter parallel raw water intake pipe and three (3) intake screens were constructed at the Kings Bluff Pumping Station. The 60-inch intake was placed into service in December 2010 and was constructed parallel to the existing 48-inch intake pipe. The 60-inch intake piping and existing 48-inch intake pipe were designed and constructed such that the station can be supplied raw water from either intake pipe or both simultaneously, thus providing ultimate operational flexibility at the Kings Bluff facility. In conjunction with the intake project, a new integrated air backwash system and building was constructed adjacent to the original air backwash building. The purpose of the backwash system is to allow for periodic

cleaning of silt and debris buildup at the intake screens via a pressurized air burst through the screen assemblies.

Primary components of the parallel 60-inch intake system are as follows:

- 1,100 feet of 60-inch ductile iron intake pipe
- Three (3) Johnson stainless steel intake screens rated at 27.5 MGD each
- New air backwash building
- *Johnson Hydro-burst* integrated air backwash system and 2,000 Gallon air tank

#### **Interim Booster Pump Station**

In 2013 the Authority completed construction of the Interim Booster Pump Station (IBPS), which is located at the 3 MG ground tank site. The IBPS provides a capacity of 29.1 MGD, as well as increased pressures, to customers on the US Highway 421 portion of the system, which are Pender County, Invista, Praxair, and CFPUA. The IBPS consists primarily of three (3) diesel driven pumps that deliver increased flow and pressure to meet peak summer demands for Authority customers. Originally, the IBPS pumps, fuel cells, and standby generator were provided under rental agreement to the Authority with *Mersino Pumps*. However, the Authority has since purchased this equipment and the IBPS is a now permanent facility completely owned and operated by the Authority.

Primary Components of the IBPS are as follows:

- Three (3) diesel-driven pumps
- Three (3) 500-gallon capacity diesel fuel storage tanks
- One (1) 45 KW diesel generator
- 265 feet of 24-inch ductile iron pipe
- 700 feet of 48-inch ductile iron pipe
- Piping, valves, miscellaneous appurtenances
- SCADA/Telemetry controls for operation of the IBS

#### Hurricane Matthew Raw Water Main Failure

On October 13, 2016, a significant failure of the LCFWSA's existing 48-inch PCCP raw water transmission main was identified by staff in the community of Riegelwood, Columbus County, NC. The failure occurred in a low topographical area that has limited drainage and is prone to flooding. Upon identification of the leak, a multi-organizational effort to repair and restore the pipeline was undertaken. The repair effort included extensive dewatering, a temporary access

road, a temporary repair band, a temporary by-pass pipe, and full replacement of the failed pipe sections with DIP.

Based on evaluation of the failed transmission pipeline, it was determined that the pipe bedding and foundation had been undermined and that the pipe had settled causing the joints to separate and leak. In review of events leading up to the pipe failure, it was determined that Hurricane Matthew had passed the area on October 8, 2016, delivering 8-inches of rain over a 24-hour period. After this event, the nearby Cape Fear River crested at approximately 28 feet on October 13<sup>th</sup>-14<sup>th</sup>, 2016 which directly coincided with the pipeline failure of October 13, 2016. It was surmised that the flooded conditions and the significant impacts attributed to Hurricane Matthew undermined the pipe bedding and foundation, causing settlement of the pipe, separation of the pipe joints, and failure of the pipeline.

Repair efforts included the following:

- Installation of approximately 1,000 linear feet of 36-inch HDPE bypass piping with two (2) wet taps on the existing 48-inch main.
- Removal of approximately 80 linear feet of 48-inch PCCP raw water main.
- Installation of approximately 80 linear feet of new 48" DIP raw water main.
- New in-line 48-inch gate valve
- New 48-inch Tee

The total project cost to repair the pipeline was \$2,766,690, which was 100% reimbursed through FEMA disaster relief funds.

#### Pure Technologies SmartBall Inspection

As a result of the pipe failure and age of the existing 48-inch PCCP raw water main, the Authority contracted with *Pure Technologies* to perform a leak inspection of the 14-mile pipeline section from the Kings Bluff Raw Water Pump Station to the 3 MG Ground Tank. The inspection involved insertion of a "SmartBall" acoustic device in the pipeline for the length of pipe to be inspected. The "SmartBall" travels along the pipeline and utilizes acoustic methods to determine potential leaks along the pipeline. The field inspection of the pipeline was completed on May 18, 2017. Results from the inspection indicated no major leaks but did note a potential small leak near the 3 MGD Ground Tank. Based on the Pure *Technologies* report, the leak was likely the result of "bleed through" of the existing valve at the 3 MG ground tank and did not represent an actual leak from the pipe. No further action was taken upon completion of the report; however, McKim & Creed recommends that the existing valve at the 3 MG ground tank be monitored for potential leaks or other issues.

#### 54-Inch Parallel Raw Water Main

In December of 2019, construction of a new parallel 54-inch raw water transmission main began and was placed into service in November of 2021. The project was subsequently completed in April of 2022 after installing strategic interconnections with the existing 48-inch pipeline. The new 14-mile pipeline now parallels the existing 48-inch raw water main from the Kings Bluff Raw Water Pump Station to the 3-million-gallon ground tank near the Brunswick County Northwest Water Treatment Plant. The pipe was constructed of welded steel with a cement mortar liner and exterior polyurethane coating. Cathodic protection for the new pipe was installed along the entire pipeline route. Four primary interconnections with the existing 48inch raw water main were constructed to provide resiliency and operational flexibility for the conveyance system. With the completion of the new parallel pipeline, the Kings Bluff Raw Water Pump Station has a firm permitted capacity of 62 MGD.

#### Kings Bluff Raw Water Pump Station 4th Pump Design & Permitting

The Board of Directors authorized the design and permitting of a new 4<sup>th</sup> raw water pump for the Kings Bluff facility in July of 2020. The design was completed in the fall of 2020 and a permit modification was submitted to NCDEQ Public Water Supply to increase the station capacity to an anticipated 90 MGD. The modified permit was approved in February of 2021; however, the 54-inch parallel pipeline noted was not complete and operational at the time for the Authority to fully realize the increased capacity that would be available from the 4<sup>th</sup> pump; therefore, the project was put on hold until after completion of the pipeline. The Authority's master planning document outlines that the project will begin in fiscal year 2024 and will be complete and operational by fiscal year 2026.

#### 48-Inch Raw Water Main Failure near DAK Industries Site

On November 3, 2021, a pressure spike in the raw water transmission main system resulted in a significant failure of the LCFWSA's existing 48-inch PCCP raw water transmission main. The failure was identified by Brunswick County staff in the area behind the DAK Industries site near the Cape Fear River. Upon identification of the leak, a multi-organizational effort to repair and restore the pipeline was undertaken as downstream customers (CFPUA, Pender, 421 Industries) were receiving reduced flows as a result of the failure in the pipeline.

Brunswick County utilized their emergency services contract with State Utilities to mobilize personnel and equipment to the project area and begin installation of bypass piping and repair of the damaged pipe sections (approximately 220 feet total). The repair of the section of 48" pipe was completed on January 15<sup>th</sup>, 2022 and the line was restored to service. The total cost to complete the emergency repair was \$2,521,503.84.

#### Black Rock Rd. Raw Water Main Repair

In April of 2022 during a punch list inspection for the 54-inch raw water transmission main project, McKim & Creed staff observed water bubbling up from the ground along the 48-inch pipeline alignment near Black Rock Rd. With the new 54-inch pipeline in service, LCFWASA staff were able to isolate the section of pipeline to excavation and identify the leak. Brunswick County staff received bids to remove the two pipe segments on either side of the damaged joint and replace them with 48" ductile iron pipe the Authority had in storage. TA Loving was placed under contract to make the repairs and this work was completed in August of 2022. The total cost of the repair was \$85,474.80.

#### New Access Walkway over Livingston Creek

In January of 2023 Intracoastal Marine completed the installation of a walkway connecting the 54" steel pipe access walkway to a new walkway spanning the aerial portion of the existing 48" PCCP pipe. This new structure will be used for future maintenance and inspections of the existing 48" PCCP pipe.

Also completed by Intracoastal Marine during the same time was a joint repair on the existing 48" PCCP elevated pipe where degradation of one of the existing joints had occurred. The contractor repaired the joint in accordance with specifications provided by the pipe manufacturer and at the direction of McKim & Creed's structural engineer. (See Photograph II)

#### 1.2 BASIS OF ANNUAL INSPECTION

A condition of the authorizing Bond Order requires an annual inspection of all facilities by a qualified Engineer who shall report on their readiness, identify any deficiencies, and make recommendations on capital improvements.

#### 1.3 **OPERATING ARRANGEMENTS**

The Authority maintains limited full-time staff, consisting of an Executive Director and an Administrative Assistant, for the administration of the Authority's programs and the coordination of water supply activities in the Region. The Authority contracts for operations and maintenance of the Regional Water Supply System with Brunswick County. The Brunswick County Utilities Department provides the personnel and resources to operate and maintain the Authority's raw water facilities and administers outside maintenance contracts as needed for effective operation of the system. Thus, Brunswick County is designated the "Contract Operator" of the system.

#### 1.4 SCOPE OF WORK

The annual inspection program is comprised of several major focus points:

- Detailed in-the-field inspection of the Kings Bluff Pumping Station, pipeline route, air relief valve assemblies, line valves, metering stations, reservoir facilities and grounds, and general appurtenances throughout, to assess general level of maintenance and to identify the need for equipment replacement, repairs, or remedial activities.
- Review of Authority's operation and maintenance records, protocols, and processes to identify the level of maintenance and potential adjustment toward improved efficiency.
- The identification of capital improvements or major repairs that merit immediate attention or further investigation and definition.

The results and findings of this annual inspection are summarized in the following sections of this report. The FY 2023 - 2024 inspection of the Authority's facilities was conducted during September 2023.

# **SECTION 2 - KINGS BLUFF PUMPING STATION**

#### 2.1 <u>GENERAL STATUS</u>

The components of the Kings Bluff Pumping Station consist of:

- A 48-inch raw water intake pipe with three 15 MGD intake screens and air backwash system with a total rated capacity of 45 MGD
- A 60-inch raw water intake pipe with three 27.5 MGD intake screens and air backwash system with a total rated capacity of 82.5 MGD
- Three 1,600 HP vertical turbine pumps with variable frequency drives
- One light duty (480 Volt) generator
- Two 3.0 MW (medium Voltage) primary backup generators with oxidation catalysts
- Two 12,000-gallon concrete diesel fuel tanks
- Electrical building and operators control room
- SCADA and telemetry system for monitoring and control
- 24 miles of 48-inch and 60-inch raw water transmission main
- Three (3) air surge tanks
- Pig Launcher & Pig Retriever on 54" RWM
- 14 miles of 54-inch raw water transmission main
- 4- Interconnections between "48" RWM and 54" RWM
- 24" & "30" Pressure Reducing Valve Assemblies
- New Flow Meter Vault
- New Elevated Platform with ARV and piping over Livingston Creek for both 48" PCCP pipe and 54" STL pipe.

#### 2.2 EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEM INSPECTION SUMMARY

An inspection of all major equipment was completed, and the findings are tabulated in *Appendix A*.

#### 2.3 <u>PUMP OPERATIONS</u>

#### **Power Sources**

Primary power is purchased from Duke Energy Progress at Medium Voltage levels (4,160 Volts). The level of service provided enables the pumping station to be operated at its full rated capacity with two of the three 1,600 HP electrically driven pumps operating in parallel.

In the event of primary power interruption, the two 3.0 Mega Watt generators at the Kings Bluff pumping station energize automatically to provide dedicated, and reliable power to the pumping station. The generators allow the raw water pumps to be started and operated in order to meet the raw water demands of the Authority's customers. Overall, the generators were inspected and found to be in good operating condition.

In addition to providing emergency power to the station, LCFWSA entered into a power curtailment agreement (Demand Response Automation – DRA) with Duke Power. Under this agreement, the Authority's emergency power system was activated when requested by Duke causing the plant load to be shed from the main utility power system. For each activation, the Authority received compensation which was then used to offset the cost of operating the pump station. The generators are equipped with catalytic converters that meet required NCDEQ Air Quality Emissions standards to maintain participation in the DRA program. LCFWSA has a separate contract with PowerSecure to monitor the performance of the catalytic converters to ensure they are operating withing Air Quality constraints.

During this year's inspection, the station's generators were not started. Additionally minor items requiring correction were noted and are listed in Appendix A.

The Authority's SCADA system and main computers, upgraded in 2009 as part of the pump station expansion/upgrade, are sufficient for current operations.

#### Pumps & Electrical Facilities

During this year's inspection, the 1,600 HP vertical turbine pumps (installed as part of the 2009 expansion/upgrade of the Kings Bluff facility) were inspected and found to be in excellent condition and meeting the needs of the Authority's customers (See *Appendix F -Photograph A*). Staff indicated that the scheduled service of Pump 5 was completed this year. During this visit, it was noted that the check valve on pump 1 was leaking significantly. Staff indicated that Underwood was in the process of rebuilding the check valve removed from 5 (noted above) for installation at pump 1 (See *Appendix F - Photographs B*).

In June 2017, Pump 4 was removed from service due to an oil leak and was then repaired by Charles Underwood Pump Company. After the pump was placed back in service, the bearing was observed to be operating at a lower temperature, similar to Pumps 1 and 5 (or slightly

lower). A definitive answer was not provided by the pump manufacturer as to the reduction in bearing temperature, however, it has continually operated in a normal range since this repair and appears to be in satisfactory condition.

During the 2016 inspection staff suspected the Pump 4 had a cooling water leak in the upper bearing chamber that could be contributing to the high temperature. It was recommended that this be inspected and addressed immediately. The Authority staff did investigate this issue and no leak was found. As a protective measure, the Authority has purchased a spare cooling coil in the event of failure of a cooling coil on the 1600 HP pumps. The coil is interchangeable with each pump.

Noted in the 2014 inspection, Pumps 2 and 3 (1,000 HP each) have been permanently removed from the old pump station section. Openings have been capped and conductor conduits have been capped flush with the slab.

The 1,600 HP pumps are controlled by a separate electrical control room housing variable frequency drives and motor starters. During the 2016 inspection, it appeared that the masonry wall to wall joints located inside the new pump station electrical building had shifted producing cracked paint at the intersection of the walls. The most noticeable crack is located on the masonry wall joint located west of the western most roll up door. Since the 2016 inspection, Engineer reviewed the joints and found that the issue was not structurally detrimental; however, it was recommended that staff should continue to monitor the issue. During this inspection, visual observation indicated that the size of the separation did not appear to have increased (See *Appendix F - Photographs C*). It is recommended that the wall separation continue to be monitored.

During a previous review, it was noted many items were being stored inside the electrical room creating a potential fire hazard and impeding access to exit doors. It was therefore recommended the room be cleared of excessive storage and those items that remain be moved so as to not obstruct exit from the building Staff has minimized the storage and obstruction as of this review (See *Appendix F - Photographs D*).

Adjacent to the new electrical control room is an HVAC room housing the HVAC equipment (See *Appendix* F - *Photographs* E). As noted during the last inspection, a new HVAC unit had been installed outside with an associated air handler inside. It was recommended then that the HVAC openings which allow duct work to pass between the HVAC room to the electrical room be sealed to prevent short circuiting of the unit and the unnecessary cooling of the HVAC room. As of this inspection, opening is still present, however staff indicated it was soon to be addressed (See *Appendix* F - *Photographs* F). All exterior HVAC units were reviewed and were clear of any debris blocking the radiator coils. It was however noted that HVAC piping insulation outside had failed in a few areas and thus it is recommended it be addressed (See *Appendix* F - *Photographs* G).

#### Pump Station Metering

The raw water pump station is provided with two flow meters that measure flow leaving the station. In the past, the flow meter readings at the station have been significantly different than

the sum of the customer flow meters. Historically, the summation of the customer meters has been generally within 1-2% of the station meter totals. Per our understanding, County staff has conducted field testing and determined that the customer flow meters appear to be within acceptable ranges; therefore, customer billing appears to be normal and generally accurate. It is recommended that the County and Authority continue to monitor the metering conditions for accuracy at the Kings Bluff Pump Station. No issues were reported as a result of this year's inspection. The flow meter vault was inspected and found to be in good condition *Appendix F - Photographs H*).

#### 2.4 EXTERNAL DIESEL FUEL TANKS

The two 3.0 Mega Watt standby generators are supplied fuel by (2) 12,000-gallon concrete fuel tanks, which are located adjacent to the generator building. The tanks were installed with a 110% secondary containment wall to capture overflow, ruptures, or spills of diesel fuel. The external fuel tanks were inspected and found to be in acceptable condition. Rainwater collects in the containment area and is drained by LCFWSA operator after each significant rain event. On both tanks, during past inspections, significant efflorescence was noted. Tanks were coated again last year; however, during this year's inspection one tank was again exhibiting efflorescence (See *Appendix F – Photograph I*). The diesel storage tank 1 leak detection test button was found to be failed and needs to be addressed (*Appendix F – Photographs J*).

#### 2.5 <u>PUMP STATION BUILDINGS</u>

The combined new and old buildings were inspected and found to be in good overall condition. Noted during the previous inspection, both Hellan Strainer backwash control panels had inoperable indicator lights that required replacement. As of this inspection, lights have been addressed.

During a previous inspection, cracks were found in the new pump station concrete flooring of the pump room. These cracks were analyzed and monitored and do not appear to be detrimental to operations. Both pump station piping galleries need to be cleaned for bugs, debris, etc. All observed issues detailed below are also noted in *Appendix A*:

• During the time of the 2011-2012 inspection, O&M staff noted that the containment area provided in the new pump station building for storage of oil floods and then subsides with heavy rains. Staff has addressed this issue by installing a French drain outside of the facility. The drain was placed against the wall and appears to be reducing the hydrostatic water load against the wall. In addition, staff applied another layer of sealant to the interior face of the CMU wall. No water/moisture was present during the inspection and staff reported the drain and sealant appear to be working. During the 2019 inspection, staff indicated they had placed approximately 12 inches of concrete in

the pit area and recoated with sealant. No evidence of leaking was observed during this time. During this year's inspection, it was noted that both pump station piping rooms need to be cleaned out due to bugs and debris. With respect to the new pump station storage room, this room was found to be sustainably filled with stored items during the last inspection. Since then, items have been relocated/stored to not impede access to the exit door (See *Appendix F – Photograph K*).

#### 2.6 <u>GROUNDS</u>

The grounds consist of a paved access drive and parking area, and the grassed area surrounding the pumping station. During 2003 a new chain link security fence was installed around the complete pump station site. The new fence has an electronically controlled gate with a keypad entry system which was installed during the spring of 2003. The fence provides an enhanced level of security for the pumping station and the maintenance staff.

In recent years, sink holes have appeared behind the pump station, at the generator building transformers, and at the small generator. The Authority recently implemented repairs to a leaking storm drainpipe as well as capping an abandoned pipe that was suspected of contributing to the sink hole issues. During this inspection, sink holes or drainage issues were not observed or noted and appear to have been corrected.

During the 2018 inspection, it was noted that several valve operator wheels were broken. The handwheels were replaced with operator nuts, correcting the problem, as documented in the 2019 inspection.

#### 2.7 AIR SURGE TANK SYSTEM

The air surge tank system consists of three tanks and provides for surge relief and protection from water 'hammer.' During the 2019 inspection, it was noted that the anchor bolts which secure the steel air tank piers to the concrete base footings had been replaced.

During the 2019 inspection, it was noted that all tanks had been painted and the fill line has been provided with heat tracing and insulation to prevent freezing as previously recommended. Additionally, surge tank 3 exterior air piping has been painted as previously recommended.

During the 2021 inspection, six (6) drain valves were observed to have been replaced. During this inspection, the tankage appears to be in good condition.

During this inspection, it was noted that the paint was failing in several areas especially on the tank drain valves and tank #3 (See *Appendix F – Photograph L and M*). Staff are in the process of addressing the situation.

During the last inspection and with regards to the surge tank control panels located inside the pump station, several indicator lights still required replacement. Lights have since been replaced as of this inspection. Also, during this inspection, surge tanks 1 and 2 had their respective controls turned on, however tank 3 controls were off (*See Appendix F – Photograph*)

*N*). Please note that for proper operation and protection of the new force main, all 3 surge tanks are required to operate.

#### 2.8 <u>PIER</u>

The pipe corridor of the 60-inch intake pipeline is located parallel and adjacent to the existing pier. A review of this area indicated that vegetative cover is established, and that the area is slightly flooded. (See *Appendix F - Photograph O*).

During the 2018 inspection, it was observed that the pier and walkways to the air-backwash control buildings needed repair. Several deck boards and handrails were in poor shape. During the 2019 inspection, it was noted that some repairs had been made (stair and plank replacement); however, more are still required. Also noted in previous reports, several areas on the older building's wall panels are still showing signs of rot. As of this inspection, the dock remains in bad condition (See *Appendix F - Photographs P*). The old backwash building remains in need of repair as wall boards are rotted. It is noted that the LCFWSA is currently under contract with McKim & Creed to design a replacement of the pier and air backwash buildings, however, it is recommended that the pier and buildings be maintained until such a time that project is completed.

#### 2.9 GENERATOR BUILDING

The generator building was inspected, and findings are presented in *Appendix B*. The facility was found to be in good condition. Staff noted that during the Duke Energy curtailments (and other events) excessive heat is generated inside the building even though all exhaust fans were running and the exterior roll up doors were open. Staff noted the excessive heat caused damage to the batteries adjacent to the generators.

To eliminate the battery damage issue, the staff has completed the installation of an air start system on the generators. In addition, the staff is currently working to replace the 84v pre-lube motors with 24v motors. Once completed, all deep cell batteries can be removed and replaced with two standard car batteries and thus the impact of the heat will be significantly diminished.

As previously noted during prior inspections, the building interior insulation surface appears to have been affected by the heat making it brittle. Because of this, surface repair tape will not attach thus making tear or rip repairs not possible. Replacement of the insulation should be investigated. The generator radiators were observed to be in good condition.

Also noted previously, the building personnel doors have rusted to such an extent that holes have appeared. Staff indicated new doors have been ordered and would be installed when they arrive. (See Appendix F – Photograph Q).

Also noted previously, it was observed that the breaker panel located in the generator room had an excessive amount of failed indicator lights and thus should be serviced. This issue has been addressed.

Generator radiators were reviewed during this inspection and were found to be in operable condition; however, rust was found to have advanced significantly on the underside fan shroud (See *Appendix F – Photograph R*). It is recommended staff monitor the area and plan to address the issue in the future.

The pneumericator panel located in the generator electrical room was found to be in alarm. It is recommended that staff address the issue.

#### 2.10 LIGHT DUTY GENERATOR

The existing light duty generator located in front of the pump station is no longer functional. Staff brought in a portable generator and plan to connect the generator to the existing 480V panel located in the old pump station pump room. The portable generator being used at the pump station previously provided 480v power to the motor operated valve at the Booster Pump Station. As the staff now use the "spin doctor" to open and close the motor operated valve, the portable generator is no longer needed.

#### 2.11 <u>STAFFING</u>

The Authority currently contracts with Brunswick County Utilities for O&M staffing for its raw water facilities and does not directly employ any O&M staff. Generally, the station is not manned 24-hours per day and on-site operator duties are shared by multiple County employees on staggered work shifts.

#### 2.12 RADIO ANTENNA

The antenna, fencing, and support equipment appeared to be in good working order. The antenna was stuck by lightning over the past year and as a result was serviced. Due to the lightning strike, a new PLC was installed in the comm. cabinet. During this work, Staff installed a new empty 2-inch conduit from the antenna to the generator building for a future fiber optic connection to the tower.

#### 2.13 ON SITE POTABLE WELL

In 2019, staff installed a water line (1-inch service) from a Bladen County water line tap to the pump station. The existing well system was switched over to County water thus mitigating the quality issue. There were no water quality issues noted in this year's inspection.

#### 2.14 INTAKE SCREEN AND WARNING SIGNS

As of this inspection, there is no signage in the river to indicate the screen's locations and warn boaters. Staff indicated the sign was swept away by flooding due to Hurricane Matthew. During the 2019 inspection, Staff indicated that the automated system for backwashing the screens had been disabled and the operation is conducted manually at the backwash buildings. Staff indicated visuals checks of the river are performed prior to backwashing, thus replacement of the signage was unnecessary. Our recommendation is for signage to be placed on the bank as low water levels in the river could cause deep draft vessels to potentially damage the screens.

#### 2.15 SEPTIC SYSTEM

The facility provides wastewater disposal via a small pump system with an on-site subsurface drain field. In 2019, Staff indicated the system grinder pump had been replaced recently and that the system was operating without issues. During this inspection, there was no indication of septic issues observed.

# SECTION 3 - RESERVOIR & INTERIM BOOSTER STATION

#### 3.1 <u>GENERAL</u>

The three-million-gallon raw water reservoir is located near Brunswick County's Northwest Water Treatment Plant and is surrounded by an earthen berm to hold any overflow which may arise from the storage tank. There is a small control building adjacent to the tank and the entire site is enclosed within a chain link fence. The reservoir is in good condition as are most of the other components at the reservoir site.

The reservoir is a pre-stressed concrete tank, coated with an external paint system for protection and appearance. There are several places where visible seams on the outside wall of the tank appear to have calcified due to leaks, but no visibly wet seams were noted (See *Appendix F* - *Photograph R*). During the previous inspections, O&M staff indicated that the *Crom Corporation* (original tank manufacturer) had been contacted to evaluate the seams and provide recommendations for repair.

#### **Interim Booster Pump Station**

The interim booster station (IBS) was inspected and found to be in excellent condition and no issues were present that required corrective action. It is recommended that O&M staff periodically test the system for functionality and develop/modify protocols as required for maintenance and operation. It is also recommended that the IBS be exercised and tested under actual flow conditions to ensure proper operation when the IBS is required.

#### Interim Booster Pump Station Freeze Damage

In January 2017, the interim booster station sustained damage as a result of freezing temperatures. The pumps are equipped with drain valves and air release valves, which froze and burst because of abnormally low temperatures during this period. Additionally, damage was sustained to electronic controllers used for pump operation, likely a result of a lightning strike. As of the date of this report, all pumps have been repaired and are operational. Brunswick County staff are in process of conducting pump tests in conjunction with Pender County and CFPUA to verify operational viability of all components. It is our understanding that Brunswick County will also develop a Standard Operating Procedure to test the pumps periodically.

In November 2018, the Authority obtained bids to implement improvements to the facility to include a shelter-style cover, freeze protection, and additional lighting. Based on bids received, the Authority chose to delay the improvements to a future date.

### **SECTION 4 - PIPELINE**

#### 4.1 <u>GENERAL</u>

The Authority's initial pipeline (Phase I) was comprised of approximately 73,000 feet of 48-inch diameter pre-stressed concrete cylinder pipe. Air relief/vacuum valves are located at high points on the pipeline to allow trapped air to be vented from the pipeline and to allow the introduction of air into the pipeline in the event that 'vacuum' conditions occur. The Phase 2 raw water main extension was comprised of approximately 52,300 feet of 60-inch and 48-inch diameter pre-stressed concrete cylinder and ductile iron pipe. The Phase II pipeline is also similarly equipped with air relief/vacuum and isolation valves. No inspections were made of the underground sections of the raw water main, however, the pipes are safely within the expected useful life of their respective materials and no significant issues are anticipated with the raw water transmission system. The pipeline between the Kings Bluff station and the 3 MG ground tank was pigged in 2005. While not critical to current operations, a future pigging project should be considered to maintain maximum transmission capacity. The recent completion of the parallel 54" pipeline has added 74,000 feet of pipe to the system, paralleling the original Phase I pipeline.

#### 4.2 <u>RIGHT-OF-WAY</u>

The pipeline right-of-way was inspected and found to be in good condition. Several wet areas are frequently inaccessible due to water levels in swampy areas and highly overgrown areas (See *Appendix F - Photograph AA*). It is recommended that these areas be mowed/cleared when possible and inaccessible areas inspected. A substantial portion of the pipeline right-of-way includes a gravel/soil access road, and farmland or adjacent railroad right-of-way and is well maintained and in good condition. Much of the right-of-way is well maintained with adequate accessibility. The entire right-of-way width of 75' was cleared during the construction of the parallel 54" RWM. All areas of the right-of-way are in good condition. During the recent inspection, the pipeline right-of-way mowing was underway.

In 2005, all vaults and blow offs were marked in the right-of-way with high visibility 8-foot PVC pipe markers. However, it is noted that the orange paint has faded, and the PVC pipes show signs of deterioration (See *Appendix F - Photograph BB*) and should be replaced and/or repainted. These measures have been successful in eliminating the majority of such encroachments and there have been no major problems.

The raw water main is also identified in the field by markers, which are blue in color with the Kings Bluff phone number stenciled in front. It also has "Lower Cape Fear Water & Sewer Authority" identified on the front of the marker with the phone number to the main office listed. This provides a visual notification of the approximate location of the pipeline and can help

avoid potential impacts from construction, etc. within the Authority's right-of-way. All blue markers need to be updated at roadway crossings throughout the pipeline corridor.

The 54-inch parallel pipeline which is recently completed provided "blue" utility markers to denote the location of new pipeline along the right-of-way corridor. The remainder of the Right-of-way should be reviewed, and marker posts replaced or added as needed. (*See Appendix F* – *Photograph CC*)

As previously noted, a valve manhole exists along the access road to "The Bluffs" development that is adjacent to the roadway. It is recommended that bollards be placed at this location to protect the manhole from a vehicular accident that could damage the manhole and/or the raw water transmission main.

#### 4.3 <u>AIR RELIEF VALVES</u>

The air relief valves that exist on the raw water mains consist of a 6-inch main valve to expel air and a 2-inch air valve to allow air into the pipe when drained, thus preventing a vacuum. Periodic exercising and verification of "open condition" is necessary for these valves to protect the pipeline from excess air surges, and possible rupture. Similar to blow-off valves, it is recommended that these valves be exercised at least once per year to maintain operational viability. Additionally, there are 25 new air relief valves along the 54" RWM route. *Appendix F* - *Photograph DD*) for photos of existing ARV and new ARV on the 54" RWM. See *Appendix C* for a list of inspected air relief valves.

#### 4.4 **BLOW-OFF VALVES**

The blow-off valves located on the Phase I and II pipelines were inspected and appear to be in good condition. It is recommended the blow off valves be exercised at least once per year to ensure continued operability. Additionally, the blow-off valves should be repainted regularly, and new marker posts set on each side. See *Appendix D* for a comprehensive list of inspected blow-off valves on the 48" RWM. There are a total of 8 new blow-offs along the 54" RWM route. See *Photographs GG* of existing blow-off and new blow-offs on 54" RWM.

#### 4.5 METER VAULTS

Metering facilities are installed at the customer connections at Brunswick County, Praxair Inc., Invista and the CFPUA. Standby power exists at all meters and allows the Authority to collect data during major power outages and minimizes the amount of non-billed water due to loss of commercial power. All meters were inspected and appear to be in good working condition. It is recommended that all piping be evaluated and routinely painted at each vault if required. A summary of the inspection of all meter vaults is provided in *Appendix A*.

#### 4.6 CHECK VALVES

The 48-inch check valve manholes were opened during annual inspection in October 2022. All check valves appear to be in good condition and no major problems were identified during the annual inspection (See *Appendix E*). It is recommended that all valves be evaluated and routinely painted at each vault if required.

#### 4.7 <u>EMERGENCY CONNECTION – PREVIOUS DAK INDUSTRIES SITE</u>

During repair of the pipeline that failed following Hurricane Matthew, Brunswick County installed an emergency connection to the existing raw water main near the former Dak Industries site. The connection consists of a tap on the main line, a valve, and an above ground connection pipe. The intent of this connection is to provide a potential emergency water source, whereby water could be withdrawn from the previous Dak Industries fire pond or possibly from the nearby Cape Fear River. Based on field inspection, this emergency connection is in good condition and requires no corrective action. It is recommended that the valve be periodically operated, and the external piping painted on a yearly basis. Additionally, with the closure of Dak Industries, the right of way in this area is not maintained and should be included in the recurring right of way maintenance. The connection is shown in (*Appendix F – Photograph EE*.)

#### 4.8 <u>NEW 54-INCH PARALLEL RAW WATER MAIN</u>

Construction of the new 54-inch parallel raw water main was complete in April of 2022. Garney Construction has installed approximately 74,000 linear feet of 54-inch raw water transmission main pipe. The pipeline was placed into service in November of 2022 and the 48-inch PCCP raw water main was taken out of service to install strategic interconnections along the 14-mile alignment. There are a total of four interconnections between the 54-inch pipeline and the 48-inch pipeline between the pump station and the 3 MG tank. The interconnections are located at the flowing locations:

- 1.) Narrow Gap Road
- 2.) John Reigel Road
- 3.) Blue Banks Road
- 4.) Behind BC Northwest Water Treatment Plant adjacent to the new flow meter vault.

(See Appendix F – Photograph HH)

#### 4.9 <u>GENERAL</u>

The Authority utilizes both electronic and manual record keeping monitoring the operation of its raw water facilities. The SCADA system provides indication of and continuously records vital operational statistics for the major mechanical components located at the pumping station, raw water storage reservoir and the metering vaults. The O&M staff have the capability to generate manual as well as electronic records reflecting the pumping station's normal operations. The current level of record keeping provides the O&M staff a means to review information for critical analysis of system performance and diagnostics for critical malfunctions.

#### 4.10 ELECTRONIC RECORD KEEPING

The SCADA system provides the capability to expand the O&M staffs' electronic record keeping. Operators can utilize the SCADA system to create custom reports to reflect pumping station operations, log difficulties, maintain long-term records, and to provide 'trending' of the station operations. Internet access allows the operator to electronically receive and send files and provides efficient communication abilities. Operational trends for flow (total and specifically for each customer) can be easily obtained via the CITEK software that is utilized at the Kings Bluff Pumping Station. Thus, the Authority has instantaneous access to all relevant data collected by the SCADA system and the CITEK programming.

## **SECTION 5 - SUMMARY**

#### 5.1 <u>READINESS</u>

The Authority's Regional Water Supply System, consisting of the Kings Bluff Pumping Station, Interim Booster Pumping Station, standby generators, pipelines, metering vaults and the 3 MG raw water storage reservoir is in good condition and sufficient state of readiness. The facilities have been well maintained and are fully capable of providing a high level of service to its customers.

#### SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDED ACTION ITEMS

Items identified in this report that require attention or corrective actions are summarized as follows and detailed in the enclosed appendices. Items with a (<u>New</u>) designation are items that were observed during the current year inspection and all others are items that remain from the previous year inspection findings:

#### Kings Bluff Pump Station Facility, Raw Water Intakes & Air Backwash Systems

- 1. Continue to monitor bearing temperatures for all raw water pumps.
- 2. Continue to monitor meter accuracies at the Kings Bluff Pump Station.
- 3. Continue to Monitor storage containment area in pump building for leaks during rain events.
- 4. (New) Address emergency light battery failure alarm in the pipe gallery.
- 5. **(New)** Clean surge tank vessels periodically
- 6. (New) Replace overhead lights as required in the oil storage room.
- 7. (New) Repair overhead insulation in oil storage room.
- 8. (New) Replace thermostat in oil storage room.
- 9. (New) Verify proper operation of surge tank control systems.
- 10. Continue to maintain warning signage for the intake screens in the Cape Fear River and ensure that it is in readable and viewable condition.
- 11. Continue to monitor and replace broken deck boards and handrails on piers leading to air backwash buildings. Note that the CIP project has been identified to replace the walkway at a future date.
- 12. Evaluate older air backwash building for structural repairs due to visible signs of rot on exterior walls.
- 13. (New) Clean the old backwash building to remove debris and bugs.
- 14. (New) Replace the light inside of the old backwash building and clean the air valve of dirt and bugs.

- 15. Investigate surge tank system for proper configuration and operation.
- 16. Replace surge tank system indicator lights.
- 17. Monitor and repaint surge tank piping mounted to pump station exterior wall as required on a yearly basis.
- 18. Recommend yearly monitoring and painting of 1,000-gallon surge air tanks.

#### **Generator Building**

- 1. Evaluate generator building for replacement of failing insulation in conjunction with possible addition of exhaust fans to improve conditions in the generator building.
- 2. Monitor and repair diesel fuel storage tank coatings as required.

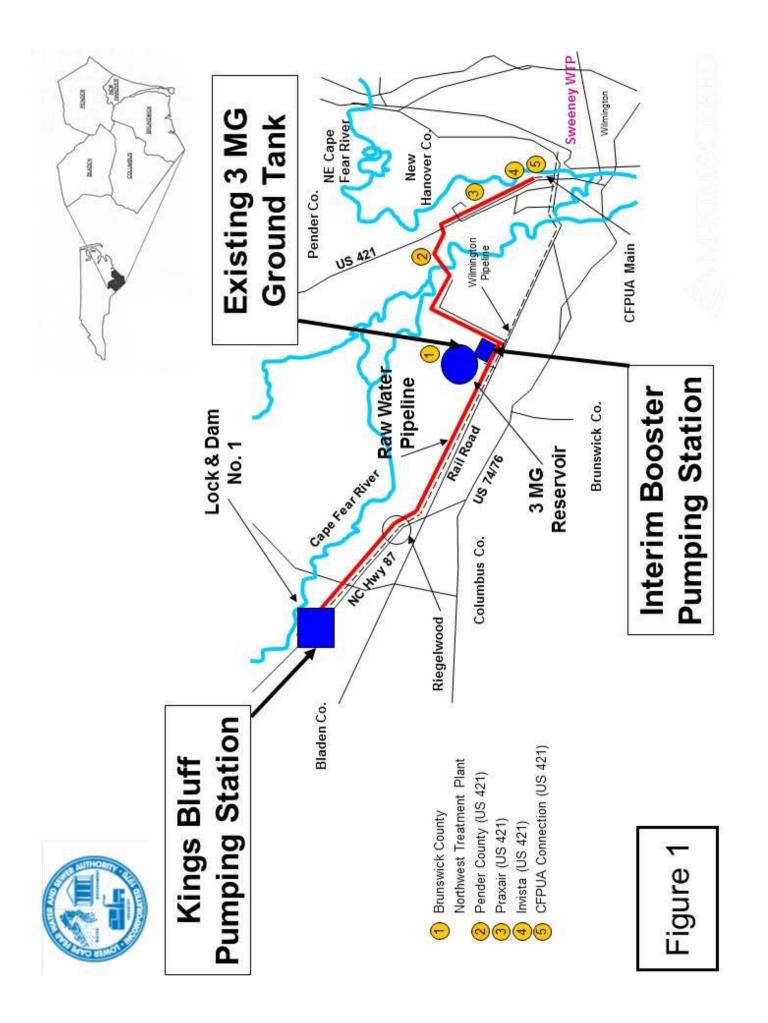
#### 3 Million Gallon Ground Reservoir & Interim Booster Pump Station

- 1. Calcification present on exterior tank wall. O&M staff should continue to monitor the tank walls for any new cracks or leaks.
- 2. Recommend coordinating annual test of Interim Booster PS with CFPUA and Brunswick County.
- 3. <u>(New) Recommend construction of future shelter or structure to improve protection</u> of the station from freezing and sun damage (as currently identified in the <u>Authority's Capital Improvements Plan).</u>

#### Raw Water Main System

- 1. Mow/Clear overgrown areas along pipeline route.
- 2. Continue to monitor and evaluate need to paint manhole ring and covers and concrete flat-tops for manholes, valves, blow-offs where required.
- 3. Repaint, replace, or upgrade PVC pole markers or provide "Blue makers" as installed during 54" RWM project.
- 4. Exercise all valves and blow-offs annually.
- 5. Add bollards to protect manhole within "The Bluffs" development access drive.
- 6. Monitor and evaluate for repair the eroded pipe joint in the ARV manhole near Phelps Truck Sales on US-421.
- 7. Periodically operate the emergency connection at the Dak Industries (former) site.
- 8. <u>Ensure that valves and ARV's can be properly operated with current valve box</u> <u>configuration. Noted that some valve boxes appeared to be out of plumb and could</u> <u>create issues with operations.</u>

#### **END OF REPORT**



# **Kings Bluff Pumping Station Annual Inspection**

# Lower Cape Fear Water and Sewer Authority

# <u>Appendix A</u> – Pumping Station Facility, Ground Reservoir, Meter Vaults Annual Inspection

		Needs	
Equipment	Satisfactory	Attention	Remarks
Grounds			
Septic Tank	Х		
Pump Station	Х		
Phone Line	x		
Drainage	Х		
Fence	x		
Radio Tower	Х		
Site	X		Trench needs to be filled in and sidewalk repaired on water side of pump station.
Valve Hand wheel Operators	X		
Original Pumping Station			
Structure	x		
Flooring	x		
Roofing	x		
Old Control Room			
Air Conditioning - Office	Х		
Lights	x		
Plumbing	х		
Water Heater	Х		

<b>T</b> • • •		Needs	
Equipment	Satisfactory	Attention	Remarks
Well			N/A
Ceiling	X		
Service Sink	x		
			Roof is fading and peeling.
Roof	x		Voids can be seen inside break panels.
Bathroom	X		
Old Pump Room			
Lights	x		
Air Compressors #1	х		
Air Compressors #2	X		
Air Storage Tank #1	Х		
Air Storage Tank #2	Х		
Air Dryer	Х		
Pump #1	Х		
Pump #2 Slot	х		Pump removed and opening capped.
			Pump removed and opening
Pump #3 Slot	X		capped.
Light Duty Generator		Х	Inoperable (see 2.10)
Surge Tank Air and Water			Evaluate operational
Piping & Control System Piping	X		requirements of the surge system.
Surge Tanks	x		
Original Pipe Gallery			Repaint as necessary
Structure	x		Clean for bugs, debris, etc.
			Creation bags, acons, cre.
Lights	X		
Piping	X X		
Equipment	Х		<u> </u>

		Needs	
Equipment	Satisfactory	Attention	Remarks
Water Strainer		Х	Hellan strainer motor conductor termination box leaking water- address and resolve as could be an electrical hazard
Heater	х		
Fan	х		
New Control Room			
Ceiling	х		
Flooring	Х		
Structure	Х		
Bathrooms	Х		
Storage Room	х		
Break Room	Х		
Oil Storage Room	X		
New Pump Room			
Pump #4	Х		
Pump #5	Х		
Structure	х		
Lights	х		
Piping	Х		
Flooring	Х		
HVAC	Х		
New Pipe Gallery			
Structure	х		Needs to be cleaned due to bugs and leaves etc.
Lights	Х		

		Needs	
Equipment	Satisfactory	Attention	Remarks
Piping	Х		
Water Strainer	Х		
Station Flow Meters	X		Continue to monitor flow meter accuracy
New Electrical Room			
Electrical Equipment	Х		
Ceiling	Х		
Floors	Х		
Walls	Х		Continue to monitor wall separation.
Overhead Doors	Х		
New HVAC Room and HVAC Equipment			
Ceiling	Х		
Floors	Х		
Walls	Х		Duct penetration needs to be sealed
Equipment	Х		
Pier			
Structure		Х	Broken /Rotted walk boards and railing need to be replaced
		Ň	Evaluate building for replacement of rotten wall
Old Control Building		Х	panels
New Control Building	Х		
Intake Pipe Site Restoration	Х		
Old Electrical			
Air Line	Х		
Air Tank	Х		

		Needs	
Equipment	Satisfactory	Attention	Remarks
48-Inch Intake Screens			
Piping	Х		
Air Backwash	Х		
Controls	Х		
New Electrical			
Air Line	Х		
Air Tank	Х		
60-Inch Intake Screens			
Air Backwash		х	Install warning signage in readable and observable condition on riverbank.
Controls	Х		
1,000 Gallon Air Tank	Х		
2,000 Gallon Air Tank	Х		Air valve positions do not match position on control panel. Issue needs to be addressed.
Instrumentation			
SCADA	Х		
3 Million Gallon Reservoir & Interim Booster Pump Station			
Ground Storage Tank	х		Calcification remain on outside of tank
Interim Booster Pump Station System Testing	х		
Grounds	Х		
Control Building	Х		
Tower	Х		
Instrumentation	Х		
Pig Launcher	Х		

Equipment	Satisfactory	Needs Attention	Remarks
Meter Vaults			
Brunswick Northwest			
Meter	Х		
Piping	х		
Sump Pump	Х		
Grounds	х		
Praxair			
Meter	Х		
Piping	х		
Sump Pump	Х		
Grounds	х		
Structure	х		
Invista			
Meter	Х		
Piping	Х		
Sump Pump	х		
Grounds	х		
Structure	х		
CFPUA			
Meter	Х		
Piping	Х		
Sump Pump	х		
Grounds			
Structure	X		
54" RWM Meter Vault			

Equipment	Satisfactory	Needs Attention	Remarks
Meter			New Flow Meter not operational
	Х		until Water Plant Expansion completed
Piping	Х		
Sump Pump	Х		
Grounds	Х		
Structure	Х		

# Kings Bluff Pumping Station Lower Cape Fear Water and Sewer Authority <u>Appendix B</u> – Generator Building Annual Inspection

<u>-11</u>			0 I		
Equipment	Satisfactory	Needs Attention	Remarks		
Grounds					
Fencing	Х				
Driveway Entrance	Х				
Building		х	Exterior doors exhibit rust – corrective action underway		
Fuel Tank Area					
Exterior Piping	Х		Piping needs labeling		
Containment	Х				
Tank #1	Х		Efflorescence exposed on tank surface		
Tank #2	Х		Tank sensor test button in operable.		
Tank Signage	Х				
Diesel Tank Piping	Х				
Generator Radiator	x		Significant rusting observed on underside- attention will be required in future		
Garage Area					
Storage Area	Х				
Flooring	Х				
Generator Room					
Generators and Piping		Х	Label all radiator piping		
Air Start System	Х				
Lights	X				
МСС	X				
Floors	x		Flooring needs to be cleaning due to presence of dead bugs and other.		
Ceiling/Roof		Х	Insulation failing in several locations.		
Electrical Room	Х				
Roll-Up Doors	Х				
Walls		Х	Paint failing in one section. Repair/repaint.		
Flooring	X		Flooring needs to be cleaning due to presence of dead bugs and other.		

# **Kings Bluff Pumping Station**

# Lower Cape Fear Water and Sewer Authority

# **<u>Appendix C</u>** – Summary Air Relief Valve Annual Inspection

48″ RWM Air Relief Valve No.	Station	Conditions/Remarks	
1.	4+00	At Entrance Road to Kings Bluff Pump Station – Good Condition	
2.	37+65	Black Rock Road- Good Condition – Access is through a locked gate.	
3.	97+50	Waterline Way – Off N.C. Hwy 11- Good Condition	
4.	175+80	Narrow Gap Road- Good Condition.	
5.	228+60	Carroll Johnson Farm- Good Condition	
6.	268+50	Good Condition- Good condition "Big Field"	
7.	293+15	Riegel Course Road (SR 1816) – Good condition	
8.	322+60	Entrance to Federal Paper /IP (off Warren Ln.)	
9.	383+00	At Livingston Creek on Elevated Pipe-	
10.	394+50	Behind Momentive Chemicals (Neil's Eddy Rd at Bethel Baptist Church) - OK.	
11.	416+00	Ellis Farm Road - Good condition-	
12.	426+80	In the field off 410 Ellis Farm Road.	
13.	463+73	Mills Trail – Good condition. Off Port Royal Road	
14.	529+55	Off access road adjacent to 5028 Gooseneck Road- Good condition.	
15.	566+00	Off Vernon Rd In Pasture- Did not access MH structure	
16.	617+00	Off Northwest Road (SR1423) - (Peterson Land) -Good condition	
17.	651+50	Between Rattlesnake Branch and Hood Creed, did not cross Hood Creek due to high water.	
18.	730+00	LCFWSA- Near 3 MG Raw Tank- Ground water present, underwater.	

48" RWM Air Relief Valve No.	Station	Conditions/Remarks
19.	57+88	The Bluffs Entrance Road- Good Condition- Ground water present
20.	145+00	In landscaping along entrance road to "The Bluffs - Good condition
21.	235+86	CF River at 90-degree bend behind DAK Industries/ DuPont- OK
22.	248+90	DAK Industries/ DuPont at Hill- Good Condition
23.	295+57	DAK Industries- At Test Well # 11- Good Condition
24.	369+10	Behind PCU-WTP - Entrance gained via Pender County Water Treatment Facility – Ground water present - Good condition
25.	446+97	5400 US Hwy 421 North-Billy Phelps Trucking. Steel visible at coupling at pipe joint, New concrete collar may need to be poured. Flat-top is deteriorating and has rebar showing. Mowers /bush-hog hitting top of MH breaking off concrete
54" RWM Air Relief Valve No.	Station	Conditions / Remarks
1	101+75	Good Condition – Behind Generator Building
2	141+50	Good Condition – East of Macon Property- MH R/C bolted down by Garney Const from Warranty Inspection
3	200+25	Good Condition – Along Waterline Way
4	225+00	Good Condition – West side of Weyman Creek
5	279+56	Good Condition – Traynham Gate
6	321+25	Good Condition – Eastside of Double Branch
7	332+55	Good Condition – Woodburn Property
8	397+12	Good Condition – East of Reigel Course Road
9	425+81	Good Condition – Off John Reigel Road
10	468+25	Good Condition – Behind IP
11	477+50	Good Condition – Behind IP
12	488+66	Good Condition – Livingston Creek

48″ RWM Air Relief Valve No.	Station	Conditions/Remarks		
13	500+10	Good Condition – East side of Livingston Creek		
14	526+54	Good Condition – East side of Neils Eddy Road		
15	534+25	Good Condition – Ellis Farm		
16	568+79	Good Condition – Off Mills Trail / Port Royal Road		
17	600+30	Good Condition -East side of Grice Property		
18	634+86	Good Condition – Goose Neck Road		
19	658+75	Good Condition – Carroll Farm		
20	722+21	Good Condition – Peterson Farm		
21	750+90	Good Condition – Duke Energy Easement- Did not access		
22	755+87	Good Condition – East side of Duke Easement- Did not access		
23	774+50	Good Condition – West side of Hood Creek – Did not access		
24	792+75	Good Condition – East side of Hood Creek		
25	800+83	Good Condition – Behind NW Water Plant		

#### **Summary of Recommended Action Items:**

- All concrete vaults appear to be in good condition. Recommend repainting all existing manhole ring and covers and concrete flat-tops. Repaint all existing air relief valves, blow-offs, check valves, butterfly valves and piping should be repainted "blue".
- 2. Blow-Off Valves and Air Release Valves need to be exercised on an annual basis. It was discussed with staff that some of the valve boxes are not plumb so getting to the top nut on the valve may be difficult. Recommend County review and ensure that valves can be accessed and operated as required to maintain the system.
- 3. New signage is needed along the entire right-of-way route and at edge of NCDOT right-of-way where LCFWSA raw water transmission main crosses roadways. Also provide painted 2-inch PVC poles painted "orange" to mark each Air Release Manhole structure. Previous poles were installed by LCFWSA Operators. All these poles and markers have degraded or are missing from the LCFWSA right-of-way. All poles and markers are recommended to be updated and painted in the upcoming fiscal year.
- 4. The mowing contract is currently under review, right-of-way has been easily accessed due to recent construction of new 54" RWM. LCFWSA / BC personnel are currently working to provide closer cutting and clearing to allow better access to all MH or vault structures.
- 5. Recommend new marker signs for raw water main routes adjacent to all roadways and along Hwy 421 North to show waterline route and throughout pipeline corridor.
- 6. Repair concrete diaper at ARV near Phelps Truck Sales on US 421. The concrete flat-top of structure has been degraded by bush-hogging and mowers cutting ROW.
- Install bollards for protection at the ARV manhole located along the entrance to "The Bluffs" development.

# **Pipeline Annual Inspection**

# Lower Cape Fear Water and Sewer Authority

# Appendix D – Summary 12" Existing Blow-Off Valves Annual Inspection

12" Blow Off Valves on 48" RWM	Station	Conditions/Remarks	
1.	70+00	Blanks Farm- OK -	
2.	122+00	N.C. Hwy 11 / Weyman Creek- Good condition	
3.	221+00	"Big Field" - Good condition	
4.	358+00	At International Paper – Good condition.	
5.	439+00	Off Ellis Farm Road - Good condition	
6.	487+00	Gooseneck Road- Good condition	
7.	685+80	Hood Creek, Behind NWWTP - Good condition	

12″ Blow Off Valves on 54″ RWM	Station	Conditions/Remarks	
1.	175+40	Beaver Dam Creek – Good Condition	
2.	228+30	Weyman Creek- Good condition	
3.	323+25	Woodburn Farm - "Big Field" - Good condition	
4.	506+90	Mills Creek – Good condition.	
5.	543+50	Ellis Farm - Good condition	
6.	588+02	Bear Branch Road- Good condition	
7.	749+50	Rattlesnake Branch - Good condition	
8.	789+65	Hood Creek – Good condition	

# Summary of Recommended Action Items:

- 1. Recommend operation of blow-offs on an annual basis.
- 2. Recommend painted 2-inch PVC poles painted "orange" to mark each blow-off structure.
- 3. Recommend all blow-off structures on 48" RWM to be re-painted "blue" as paint has faded and deteriorated.
- 4. Brush/ Grass from all structures needs to be cut.

# **Kings Bluff Pumping Station**

# Lower Cape Fear Water and Sewer Authority

# **<u>Appendix E</u>** – Summary Check Valves, Butterfly Valves - Annual Inspection

48" Check Valves	Station	Conditions/Remarks		
1.	730+00	At LCFWSA 3MG Raw Tank- Good condition, some rust		
		present. Underwater during inspection.		
2.	56+06	At Railroad Tracks on Green Loop Road. Good condition		
3.	126+60	The Bluffs Entrance- Ground water present. Good condition		
4.	236+50	Behind DAK - Good condition		
48″ Butterfly Valves or Gate Valves	Station	Conditions/Remarks		
1.	310+25	Gate Valve is located just west of John L. Riegel Road. Good condition – new valve recently installed during repair of the leak after Hurricane Matthew. Currently inside fenced area for new Interconnect location.		
2.	369+85	Butterfly Valve behind PCU WTP Facility. Good condition. New risers have been installed due to recent flooding from Hurricane Florence.		
2.	235+50	Butterfly Valve behind DuPont/DAK. Has hand wheel. At Cape Fear River at 90-degree bend- Good condition – Groundwater present.		

#### **Summary of Recommended Action Items:**

- 1. Recommend painted 2" PVC poles painted "orange" to mark each valve structure.
- 2. Recommend all valve structures to be re-painted "blue".
- 3. Additional markers are needed to mark valve locations.

# <u>Appendix F</u> – Photographs



Photograph A – Pump #4 and #5





Photograph B – Check Valve on Pump #1 Leaking

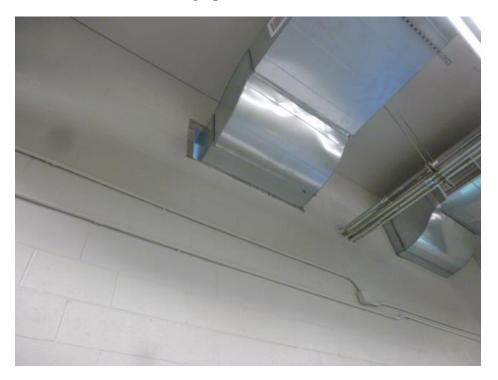
Photograph C – Existing Crack in Electrical Building Wall



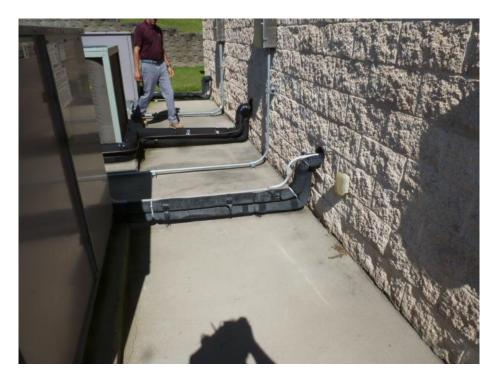
Photograph D –Electrical Room



Photograph E –HVAC Room



Photograph F –HVAC Penetration into Electrical Room



Photograph G – Failing HVAC Coolant Insulation



Photograph H –Pump Station Effluent Flow Meter



Photograph I – Diesel Storage Taank Efflorescence



Photograph J – Diesel Tank with Failed Leak Sensor Panel



Photograph K –Storage Room Access



Photograph L- Surge Tank 3 Paint Pealing



Photograph M- Surge Tank Valves Paint Pealing



Photograph N- Surge Tank Control Panels



Photograph O – 60-inch Intake Pipeline Corridor



Photograph P – Distressed Air Backwash Pier Access



Photograph Q –Generator Building Corroded Doors



Photograph R – Corroded Radiator Fan Shroud



Photograph S – Interim Booster Station



Photograph AA – Overgrown Area along Right-of-Way



Photograph BB – Orange Painted Structure Marker Deterioration



Photograph CC – New Blue Marker Post from 54" RWM project.





Photograph DD – Old ARV on  $48^{\prime\prime}$  RWM and New ARV on  $54^{\prime\prime}$  RWM



Photograph EE- Emergency Intake Pipe Adjacent to Pond behind DAK / DuPont



Photograph FF- Right-of-Way at US Hwy 421 from 2019 - 48" RWM Relocation Project



Photograph GG- Old Blow-off on 48" RWM and new Blow-off on 54" RWM



Photograph HH- Interconnect off Blue Banks Road

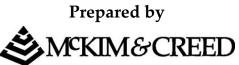


Photograph II- Walkway Access across Livingston Creek on Existing 48" PCCP pipe

# Lower Cape Fear Water & Sewer Authority Bladen Bluffs Regional Surface Water Treatment Facilities

# FY 2023-2024 Annual Inspection Report





243 North Front Street Wilmington North Carolina F-1222

Prepared For Lower Cape Fear Water and Sewer Authority



October 2023



# LOWER CAPE FEAR WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY BLADEN BLUFFS REGIONAL SURFACE WATER TREATMENT FACILITY ANNUAL INSPECTION REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS

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# **Appendix A – Summary of Inspection Items**

# **Appendix B** - **Photographs**

# **SECTION 1 - INTRODUCTION**

## 1.1 FACILITIES

The Lower Cape Fear Water and Sewer Authority is a regional organization with sponsoring members that are comprised of Bladen, Brunswick, Columbus, New Hanover, and Pender Counties, as well as the City of Wilmington. The Authority was created to aid development of a water supply system for the sponsoring member governments, which are primarily located in southeastern North Carolina. The Authority currently owns and operates, in partnership with Smithfield Farmland Corporation, the Bladen Bluffs Regional Surface Water Treatment Facility (BBRSWTF), which sources its raw water supply from the Cape Fear River. The facility is a 6.0 Million Gallon per Day (MGD) drinking water facility located near the Town of Tarheel in Bladen County, approximately opposite the Smithfield Farmland Corporation Facility on NC Highway 87. Construction was completed March 1, 2012 and the facility was placed into service on April 1, 2012. Primary components of the facility include:

- 30 MGD Raw Water Intake
- 12 MGD (Current Maximum Pumping Capacity) Raw Water Pumping Station & Raw Water Pipeline. The Raw Water Pumping Station includes two (2) 6 MGD pumps, with a slot for a third future pump.
- Four (4) Sand Filters
- Flocculation and Settling Tanks
- Two (2) 1.7 MG Residuals Basins
- Two (2) Standby Generators
- Four (4) Granular Activated Carbon Tanks
- Chemical Building
- Administration Building
- Two (2) 2 MGD Clear Wells (Owned by Smithfield Farmland Corporation)

The Bladen Bluffs facility currently only supplies treated water to Smithfield Farmland Corporation, as there are currently no other customers served by BBRSWTF.

## 1.2 BASIS OF ANNUAL INSPECTION & SCOPE OF WORK

A condition of the authorizing Bond Order requires the following shall be provided by an independent engineering firm:

- Inspect the project at least once each fiscal year
- Prepare a report that sets forth:

- ✓ Whether the properties or facilities have been maintained in good repair, working order, and condition
- ✓ Whether they have been operated efficiently and economically
- Recommendations with respect to maintenance, repair, and operation of the facility during the ensuing Fiscal Year, and an estimate of the appropriations that should be made for such purposes
- The insurance to be carried for the facility per the bond requirements
- Extensions, improvements, renewals, and replacements that should be made during the ensuing fiscal year
- Any necessary or advisable revisions to the service charges

The results and findings of this annual inspection are summarized in the following sections of this report. The FY 2023-2024 inspection of the Authority's facilities was conducted in September 2023.

# 1.3 **OPERATING ARRANGEMENTS**

The Authority maintains limited full-time staff, consisting of an Executive Director and an Administrative Assistant, for the administration of the Authority's programs and the coordination of water supply activities in the Region. The Authority contracts for operations and maintenance of BBRSWTF with Smithfield Farmland Corporation. Smithfield Farmland Corporation provides the personnel and resources to operate and maintain the Authority's water treatment facility and administers outside maintenance contracts as needed for effective operation of the system. Thus, Smithfield Farmland Corporation is designated the "Contract Operator" of the system. Currently, BBRSWTF generally operates on a 5-day work week (Sunday through Thursday) and the treatment process is in shut-down mode over most weekends. This schedule varies depending upon the production requirements of the Smithfield Farmland Corporation facility.

# SECTION 2 - BLADEN BLUFFS SURFACE WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES – INSPECTION AND FINDINGS

A summary of the findings and recommendations, based on inspection of the Bladen Bluffs Surface Water Treatment Facility, is provided in *Appendix A*. Detailed findings for each primary process or facility are summarized as follows.

## 2.1 RAW WATER PUMP STATION

#### A) Intake Screen

The intake screen system is submerged in the Cape Fear River (See *Appendix B – Photograph A*). The raw water intake system is comprised of three (3) submerged screens, each with individual stainless-steel air backwash piping. Screen markers installed during previous repairs to the airlines in 2016 were removed by subsequent hurricanes. To date, markers have not been replaced. Additionally, the shoreline sign denoting the existence of the screens was damaged during Hurricanes Mathew and Florence but has since been replaced and was noted in good shape during the 2023 inspection. Also, in the Fall of 2018 Hurricane Florence impacted river air backwash piping and a significant portion of the shoreline eroded. This erosion exposed a portion of the stainless-steel backwash air piping. As a result of the erosion, LCFWSA applied for and was granted FEMA funding to restore the eroded bank. The restoration project, *Bladen* Bluffs Regional Surface Water Treatment Facility Cape Fear Riverbank Restoration Project was completed in 2020 and successfully restored the bank to its original condition. The project integrated a mixture of bioengineering techniques and rip rap to provide protection from future erosion along the riverbank. As of the date of the previous report, erosion had re-occurred along the restored bank due to several high-water events. The bulk of the erosion had occurred on the upstream portion of the bank according to plant staff. The eroded area was repaired and replanted by a contractor. Due to the growth of vegetation along the slope, pictures of the erosion were difficult to attain; however, during this inspection what could be observed did not indicate any further erosion has occurred. (See Appendix B – Photograph B).

## B) Grounds

The grounds at the Raw Water Pump Station and the 400-foot-long intake screen access boardwalk were noted to be in good condition. All deck and handrail boards were replaced in 2020 and most are still in good condition. The area inside the fence and around the boardwalk has been weeded and the grass has been cut since the last inspection. Recently boardwalk lights were added along with security cameras for the pump station and surrounding area (See *Appendix B – Photograph C and D*).

# C) Wet Well and Pumps

The wet well and associated piping were reviewed during the inspection and found to be in good working order. (See *Appendix B – Photograph E and F*).

# D) Electrical Building

Building and electrical devices are in good condition (See *Appendix B – Photograph G*). Bug infestation prevention measures installed three years ago by staff are working; however, during this inspection there were a few dead bugs observed in the fixtures. The lighting circuit junction box on the East wall noted in the prior inspection that required a cover to be NEC compliant has been provided a cover.

# E) Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch

During the field inspection, staff indicated that the generator and transfer switch are being exercised on a regular basis. No issues were noted that would require corrective action. Cleaning of the interior of the generator enclosure is recommended. (See *Appendix B* – *Photograph H*).

# F) Access Road to Pump Station

Overall, the road is in great shape. Areas along the access road that were previously being eroded during heavy rain events were addressed by raising the road elevation to prevent water from spilling across the road. Other areas that were suffering erosion have been stabilized with rip rap and stone infill. (See *Appendix B – Photograph I*).

## G) Air Backwash Compressor Skid

Staff indicated that all appears to function correctly. Skid framing corrosion previously noted was addressed in 2020 and appears to be holding up. (See *Appendix B – Photograph J*).

## 2.2 INFLUENT FLOW METER VAULT

During the inspection, the vault was found to be in good condition and all exposed instrument displays were covered properly. Since the last inspection, the staff has instituted a policy of pumping out vaults on a regular basis using a mobile sump pump system. It was noted during this visit that the flow meter display box which is made of fiberglass is deteriorating and should be replaced in the near future. (See *Appendix B- Photograph K and L*).

## 2.3 FLOCCULATORS & RAPID MIX BASIN

The flocculators consist of two (2), four-part flocculation chambers with four (4) 1 horsepower mixers in each flocculator. This facility appeared to be operating properly and without issue.

The rapid mix basin equipment consists of the rapid mix structure and two (2) - 10 horsepower mixers. No issues were observed for this facility during the inspection.

# 2.4 SEDIMENTATION BASINS

There are two (2) basins equipped with air operated sludge pumps and each basin is emptied and washed quarterly (See *Appendix B* – *Photograph M*). The sludge from the basins is pumped directly into tanker trucks and is then hauled off for land application disposal utilizing a subcontractor. No issues were observed requiring corrective action for this facility during the inspection.

# 2.5 <u>FILTERS</u>

The facility is equipped with four (4) sand filters, which are currently backwashed every 96 hours. All filters were in good working order.

# 2.6 FILTER PIPE AND VALVE GALLERY

# A) Concrete Structure Walls

As during previous inspections, several calcified non-leaking cracks were observed during inspection. This type of crack is common in heavy cast-in-place concrete construction. During this inspection, cracks appeared to be as active as before. During the previous visit, humidity was an issue in the area, however during this visit it was low. (See *Appendix B – Photographs N*). During this visit, a small leak was observed coming from behind the transformer located in the "additional" filter area. It is recommended that the staff monitor this leak and address it if it worsens. (See *Appendix B – Photographs O*).

# 2.7 TRANSFER PUMP STATION AND VAULT

## A) Pump Station

The pump station interior/exterior and control were reviewed and found to be in good condition and operating properly. It was noted during the inspection that the Level Indicating Instrument (LIT) was not provided a cover for protection from the sun. It is recommended this display be covered to prevent UV degradation (See *Appendix B - Photograph* P). Additionally, it was found that a hatch safety grate hinge was broken and requires replacement.

## **B)** Pump Station Valve Vault

The valve vault was reviewed and found to be in good working order, however a minor amount of water covered the floor (See *Appendix B – Photograph Q*).

## C) Transfer Pump Station Check Valve Vault

During inspection, the valve vault was found to be flooded and the sump pump for the vault was not energized. It is recommended the sump pump be repaired, vault dewatered and inspected for any issues. (See Appendix B - Photograph R).

## 2.8 GRANULAR ACTIVATED CARBON VESSELS

Per the previous report, the GAC vessels have been placed back in operation at the request of the State. The vessels were filled with a new type of granular activated carbon recommended by Calgon (See *Appendix B – Photograph S*). Corrosion of vessel supports was noted during a previous inspection and has since been addressed as of this inspection.

Mag-flow meters used to meter the flow through the filters appear to be in good condition and fully functional. It was noted in the 2020 inspection that the flow meter displays for the mag meters were missing covers to prevent deterioration from the sun. Covers were in place as of this inspection.

Vessel air release and vacuum air release valves (VARV) noted to be leaking during previous reviews were replaced with new and have been provided with drain pans to not allow leaking water to run down and stain vessels, which contributes to support frame rusting. During this inspection, the vacuum portion of the Air Release Vacuum Valves (ARVs) atop the tanks were leaking. Staff indicated this was probably a result of the vessel liquid elevation being at or near that of the storage tanks causing the ball seats not to be tight, thus allowing leakage.

Staff indicated last year that the vessel anti-siphon piping VARVs were replaced with a new type which is advertised to close with less pressure. This was done in an effort to resolve air being drawn into the discharge piping which causes discharge meter issues. It was also observed last year that these new type VARVs were introduced at two discharge pipe locations, also to reduce entrapped air.

Staff indicated that the GAC tank VARVs were going to be replaced with the new type this coming year.

## 2.9 CHEMICAL ROOM

## A) Chemical Tanks, Pumps, and Electrical

The Facility was reviewed in its entirety and no issues were found. During a previous year inspection, staff indicated they had entered into a maintenance agreement for their chemical pumps. During this year's inspection, it was clear the agreement was providing a benefit to Owner.

## B) Building

During this inspection, the structure was reviewed, and one issue was found. The water piping along the west wall was found to be dripping onto a column base plate causing significant rust (See *Appendix B – Photograph T*). It is recommended this issue be addressed. Other than the one issue, the building was in good condition. The Electrical room was also reviewed and, although a lot of materials were being stored within the room, the room appeared to be in good condition and A/C was functioning properly. (See *Appendix B – Photograph U*).

## C) Chemical Carrier Water

Previously, staff changed the chemical carrier water from the Bladen County system to increase reliability and reduce cost. In the process of doing so, the staff added a backflow preventer (RPZ) which is currently mounted in the caustic chemical containment area. In the unlikely event that the caustic tanks ruptured, caustic would have the potential to submerge the RPZ, thus preventing the RPZ from functioning as intended. It is recommended that Smithfield address the RPZ installation location with PWS (Public Water Supply) to verify there is no issue with its location from a regulatory standpoint. As of this review, the RPZ remains in its original location.

## 2.10 ADMINISTRATION BUILDING

No issues were noted in the administration building at the time of the inspection.

## 2.11 RESIDUALS BASINS

During the inspection, the basins were observed to be in good condition (See *Appendix B* – *Photograph V*).

Previously, staff noted a tear in the liner at an outfall connection slab. The staff had a specialist review the issue and make recommendations for correction. To date, the repair has not been made but is scheduled to be conducted in the future when the basin is out of service.

#### **2.12 BBRSWTF EMERGENCY POWER**

#### A) Generator

The generator was inspected and found to be in good working condition. No corrective actions are required.

#### **B)** Diesel Storage Tank Leak Detection Panel

During a previous inspection, the diesel tank level and leak detection panel were found to be inoperable due to a lack of power. It was recommended that this be corrected. As of this review, the panel has been corrected.

#### 2.13 NPDES METER VAULT

This vault and associated chemical injection vault serve to condition the discharge water for both pH adjustment and de-chlorination before entering the river. During this inspection, the meter vault was in good condition (See *Appendix B- Photograph W*).

#### 2.14 RECYCLE PUMP STATION/METER VAULT

During previous inspections, the recycle system was reviewed; however, according to staff information, the system was not in use due to economic reasons. Staff indicated at that time that they were supporting other instruments by utilizing parts from instruments that were no longer functional that were associated with that system. No further inspection of this facility was made.

#### 2.15 SCADA – TELEMETRY SYSTEM

Based on conversations with Staff and cursory review of the SCADA system, there are no known issues that were identified for corrective measures at the time of the inspection. Staff previously incorporated a new VT Scada software which provides redundancy within their server system. In case there is an issue with one of their SCADA systems, there is now a standby system that can be utilized if required.

#### **2.16 OPERATION OF FACILITY**

Based upon observation of the facility and procedures currently employed by Staff, it is the opinion of McKim & Creed that the facility has been operated efficiently and effectively.

## 2.17 FISCAL YEAR APPROPRIATIONS

No major appropriations for the upcoming fiscal year are anticipated beyond the contracted operations and maintenance agreement responsibilities.

# SECTION 3 - INSURANCE PROVISIONS AND SERVICE CHARGES

## 3.1 INSURANCE PROVISIONS

A cursory review of the Authority's fiscal year 2022/2023 insurance coverage was conducted and was noted to be similar to that of the previous year. At the time of this report, the coverage was deemed to be sufficient, and no major changes are recommended.

#### 3.2 SERVICE CHARGES

At the time of this report, Smithfield Farmland Corporation is the only customer currently provided treated water from BBSWTF. Therefore, no changes to the current service charges are applicable.

**Appendix A – Summary of Inspection Items** 

# **Bladen Bluffs Surface Water Treatment Facility - Annual Inspection**

Facility	Satisfactory	Needs Attention	Remarks
Raw Water Pump Station			
Intake Screens	Х		
Grounds	Х		
Wet Well	Х		
Dock	Х		
Electrical Building	Х		
Generator and ATS	Х		Clean interior of structure
Valve Vault	Х		
Rapid Mix Basin			
Influent Flow Meter	Х		
Structure	Х		
Mixers	Х		
Flocculators			
Flocculation Chambers	X		
Mixers	X		
Sedimentation Basins			
Basins	X		
Air Operated Sludge Pumps	X		Not Used
Filters			
Filters 1, 2 and 3	Х		
Filter 4	Х		Monitor wall leaks
Filter Pipe and Valve Gallery			
Structure Walls	х		Crack leakage needs to be monitored.
Structure Floors	Х		
Environment	x		
Transfer Pump Station & Vault			
Pump Station Valve Vault	Х		

# Lower Cape Fear Water and Sewer Authority

Granular Activated Carbon Vessels			
Vessel Exteriors	Х		
Chemical Room			
Chemical Tanks	Х		
RPZ Location	Х		
Building		Х	Address column corrosion
Administration Building			
Building	Х		Clean blower room
Residuals Basins			
Basins	Х		Make liner repair as time allows
BBRSWTF Emergency Power			
Generator and ATS	Х		
Diesel Storage Tank Panel	Х		
Effluent Flow Meter Vault			
Meter Digital Display	Х		
NPDES Meter Vault			
Meter Digital Displays	Х		
Recycle Pump Station			
Meters and Displays	Х		
Instrumentation			
SCADA & Telemetry	Х		

**Appendix B – Photographs** 



Photograph A – Intake Location



Photograph B – Cape Fear Riverbank Restoration Project Area



Photograph C – River Access Walkway



Photograph D – River Access Walkway



Photograph E – Raw Water Pump Station Level Display and Panels



Photograph F - Raw Water Pump Station Wet Well



Photograph G – Pump Station Electrical Room



Photograph H – Influent Pump Station Generator Enclosure



Photograph I – Access Road



Photograph J - Restored air compressor skid support framing



Photograph K -Influent Flow Meter Vault



Photograph L – Influent Flow Meter Vault Instrument Display



Photograph M – Sedimentation Basins



Photograph N – Filter Gallery



Photograph O – Filter Gallery Leak



Photograph P – Transfer Pump Station



Photograph Q – Transfer Pump Station Valve Vault



Photograph R – Transfer Pumps Station Check Valve Vault



Photograph S –GAC Filters



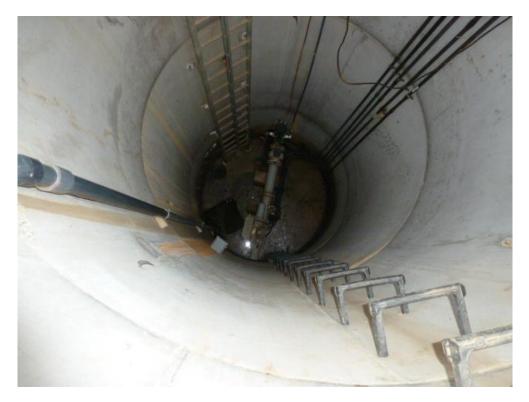
Photograph T – Chemical Building Corroding Column



Photograph U – Chemical Building Electrical Room



Photograph V – Residuals Basins



Photograph W –NPDES Meter Vault